1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
20	Nagaland	572.32	13.79	0	62.69	20	96.48
21	Orissa	28411.17	1113.85	284.16	4582.01	1821.26	7801.28
22	Pondicherry	158.06	0	0	47.42	0	47.42
23	Punjab	4271.4	52.67	0	699.94	194.06	946.67
24	Rajasthan	24700.1	265.62	119.12	700.86	4241.57	5327.17
25	Sikkim	1268.86	17.98	38.36	74.07	344.9	475.31
26	Tamil Nadu	24350.32	2192.49	2768.98	2972.06	5201.19	13134.72
27	Tripura	2283.64	249.56	819.21	368.73	0	1437.5
28	Uttar Pradesh	33099.03	2272.4	3120.44	3475.35	4181.91	13050.1
29	Uttaranchal	3434.4	151.16	13.4	503.23	97.5	765.29
30	West Bengal	18798.13	1528.88	1181.1	1566.85	3800.78	8077.61
	TOTAL	332434.68	13836.21	19928.49	34918.22	37732.11	106415

(*AS ON 21.11.2005)

Food for Work Programme

110. SHRI PYARIMOHAN MOHAPATRA: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that infrastructure work will be taken up only in big villages, since under the NFFW Programme, there should be availability of at least 50 job seekers to start a new work;

(b) the number of Tribal and Scheduled Caste Villages in the country which has a population of less than 250 and, therefore, will not have 50 job seekers to get the benefit; and

(c) if the number in (b) is very large and the villages comprise mostly of the deprived and the disadvantaged, who need priority attention under this programme, how the Government proposes to take care of them?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI SURYAKANTA PATIL): (a) to (c) The National Food for Work Programme Guidelines do not place any restriction of 50

job seekers for starting the new work and works can be taken up as and when required. The NFFWP is open to all rural poor who are in need of wage employment and desire to do manual and unskilled work. The programme is self targeting in nature.

Houses constructed under IAY

111. SHRI KARNENDU BHATTACHARJEE: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the State-wise details of total number of houses constructed for poor/weaker sections of the society in the country under Indira Awas Yojana during the last three years;

(b) the number of houses actually allotted to the above category during this period, State-wise;

(c) whether any toilet/bathroom facilities have been provided in these houses; if not, the reasons therefor; and

(d) the total funds actually allotted and spent on the construction of such houses during this period?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI SURYAKANTA PATIL): (a) to (d) Under the Indira Awaas Yojana Scheme, assistance is provided to rural below poverty line households to enable them to construct their houses. The details of houses constructed and allotted State-wise, sanitary latrines provided and total funds actually allocated and utilized during the last 3 years under the IAY is given in the Statement (*See* below). Under the scheme, the houses are constructed by the beneficiaries themselves. Provision is made in the Scheme for construction of a sanitary latrine in each Indira Awaas Yojana house to the extent of Rs. 600/- per house. The beneficiaries are advised to construct sanitary latrines, failing which an amount of Rs. 600/- is deducted from their assistance money per house.